



Klinikum rechts der Isar  
Technische Universität München



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY  
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

# Regulatory reflections on biosimilar development and statistical methods used at quality level

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- *EMA draft reflection paper on statistical methodology for the comparative assessment of quality attributes in drug development*
- *Comments received during public consultation phase of EMA*
- *workshop - content and outcomes*

4<sup>th</sup> Annual Biosimilars Forum

Presented by Ina-Christine Rondak on 18 October 2019

Seconded National Expert from Klinikum rechts der Isar of TU München to European Medicines Agency

An agency of the European Union





## Disclaimer

*The views expressed in this presentation are the personal views of the speaker and may not be understood or quoted as being made on behalf of or reflecting the position of the European Medicines Agency or one of its committees or working parties nor the TU München.*

Conflicts of interest: none



# Outline

Objectives and timelines of EMA draft reflection paper

Comments received during public consultation

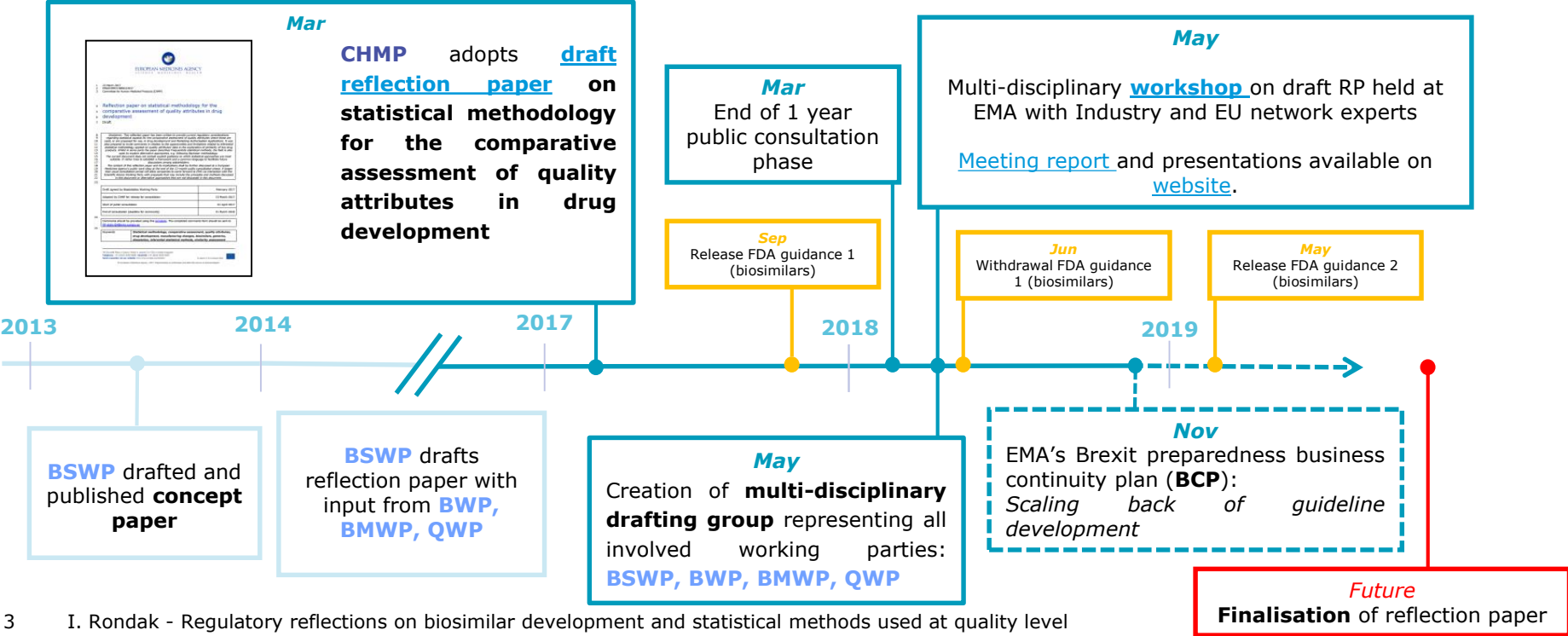
EMA workshop

Overview and summary of discussions

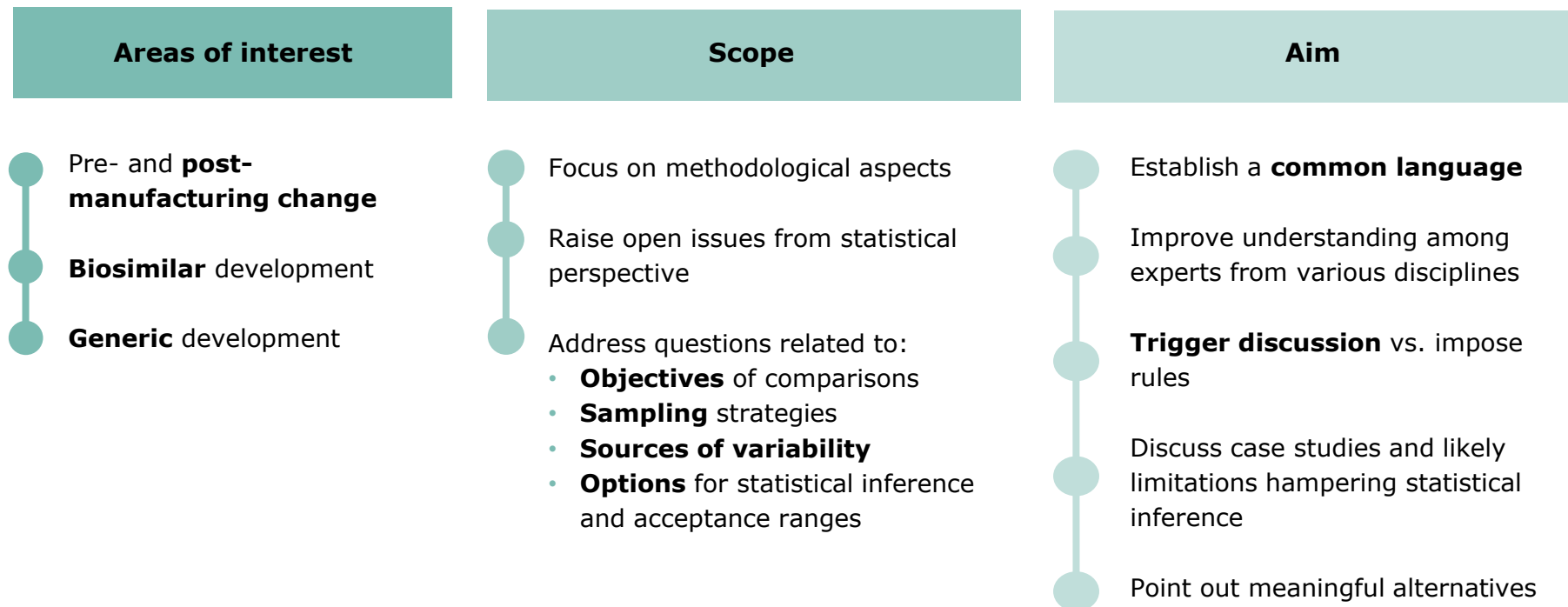
Learnings and way forward



# Reflections on statistical aspects at quality level – history and timeline



# Objectives of draft RP





# Overview of general comments received during public consultation of draft RP

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- Concerns/Reservations
- Conflicts/Shortcomings
- Support



## Comments on draft RP

### Concerns and reservations

- ***“Statistical testing should not become a pass/fail criterion without reflection of context and involvement of CMC experts”*** (n=8 commenters/15)
- Totality of evidence-based decision making shall not be endangered
- Scope of reflection paper is too broad, we need more specific reflections dependent on the setting
- Where is the gap for biosimilars, we have a good system in place
- Content of reflection paper expected to impose additional hurdles → adverse implications for healthcare systems and payers



## Comments on draft RP

### Conflicts and shortcomings

- **RP gives no answer to question: What is similarity?**
- Can „consistent manufacturing“ ever be compatible with shift/drift in means?
- **Is „equivalence testing of means“ meaningful in presence of shift/drift in means?**
- RP promotes equivalence testing of means, this is in contradiction with other ICH guidance
- Statistical tools using intervals are unnecessarily depreciated
- Specifications already provide sufficient control since they are clinically qualified





## Comments on draft RP

### Conflicts and shortcomings:

#### biosimilar setting

and

#### special issues

- **Considering lower variability for the BS a problem contradicts GL**
- Systematic within-specs changes not addressed in RP
- Elaboration on question which DPs are from the same DS (dependence)
- (unknown) age of RMP batches important source of variability, not sufficiently addressed in RP
- Stability data comparison not sufficiently covered
- RP tends to disregard a well-developed continued process verification (CPV) program, which could be used to support/replace a small comparative study
- RP does not adequately cover multiplicity and dependencies between QA



## Comments on draft RP

### Support

- **Overlooked topic & regulatory reflection/guidance needed**
- RP well thought through giving proper scientific considerations
- **Nature of inference widely misunderstood** & appropriate inferential statistical assessment will result in **better decision making** (i.e. stat. inference better option than some qualitative approaches seen)
- General scientific principals are the same for biosimilar setting and pre-post-change but different rigor in different settings of comparing QAs meaningful
- For biosimilars: imbalance of information about RMP and BS
- Larger samples/collection of more relevant information to be rewarded/incentivised



## Workshop on the draft reflection paper on statistical methodology for the comparative assessment of quality attributes

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## Workshop organisation and format

- **1.5-day workshop** on 3-4 May 2018 at EMA
- Organisation committee representing **all involved working parties**:
  - Biostatistics (BSWP)
  - Biosimilars (BMWP)
  - Biologics (BWP)
  - Quality (QWP)
  - and EMA Biostatistics Office
- **5 sessions**: each including 4 presentations followed by discussion
- **2 additional closed sessions for regulators only** at the end of each day to reflect on discussions



## Scope and objective of workshop

- **Discussing comments received** during public consultation phase
- Better understanding challenges seen by industry and opportunities (e.g. illustrated by **case studies**)
- Discussion of methodological approaches and suitable alternatives
- Facilitating further progress and developments in this field
  
- **Multi-disciplinary scientific workshop** touching upon quality, manufacturing, statistics, and methodology areas. Corresponding expertise was sought from participants and external stakeholder could participate **by invitation only**



## Participants

- **31 Industry participants**, representing industry associations (A3P, AAPS, APIC, EBE/VE, EFSPI, ISPE, Medicines for Europe)
- **31 EU regulators** from 21 national competent authorities and universities and 6 working parties and committees (BWP, BMWP, BSWP, PKWP, QWP and CHMP)
- 1 **FDA** representative (scope biosimilarity)

# Highlights and key messages per WS-session

(more detailed WS report incl. presentation available on dedicated [website](#))



## A: Problem statements & challenges

**Clear understanding** of **fundamental concepts** and definitions is vital

Importance to **define clear objectives** of the comparison task

Discussion whether **general concepts applicable to all settings**

## B: Case studies: pre/post change

Various definitions and interpretations of '**consistent manufacturing**' have different methodological implications

## C: Case studies: biosimilars

Impact of **sources of variability** and **shifts/drifts** in reference product

## E: Operating characteristics of existing criteria

**Frameworks** to explore OCs dependent on various factors needed

## F: New strategies and alternatives

New strategies to improve **experimental design & statistical analysis**



## Learnings from the workshop

1. **Different contexts** require **separate considerations**
2. **Clarification of terminology** and language (e.g. descriptive vs inferential, consistent manufacturing, etc.)
3. Important to understand **operating characteristics** (OCs) of methods used for comparisons and well understood frameworks to visualize OCs will be important to identify suitable similarity criteria
4. There is **no unique optimal** similarity **criterion**
5. Agreement that **quality of decision making can be improved**



## Immediate recommendations after the workshop

- **Clarity about objective and weight** of comparative QA data comparison:
  - Inferential approach or 'just description'?
  - What are the implications if similarity is shown at quality level
  - What are the risks if wrong decisions are made?
- Reflections on **operating characteristics** of methods
- **Pre-specification**: what can be approached prospectively, e.g. by a (written) plan?  
More transparency regarding sampling approach and acknowledgment of limitations
- **Identification of important sources of variability** and possibility to **account for them in sampling and analysis**
- **Proposals** to be discussed e.g. in **Scientific Advice** procedures



## What happened since then?

- Strengthened the newly emerged **multidisciplinary interaction**
  - Creation of a **multidisciplinary task force** from B/BM/BS/QWP to address comments received and WS outcome
- **Reflections by other stakeholders** seen in
  - Innovation Task Force meetings, Scientific Advices, Centralised Procedures
  - Scientific publications



## What happens next?

- **Finalisation of Reflection Paper**

- Will remain “reflection paper”, not guideline
- RP expected to become more general in nature (and shorter) based on learning that flexibility needs to be maintained
- Reflection on impact of false positive conclusion on overall decision making
- Framework for evaluation of similarity criteria via operating characteristics
- Suggestions for prospective planning

- **Further implications** on other guidelines in areas of interest to be discussed

- Liaising with other regulatory regions to strive for **harmonisation**



## Acknowledgement:

All members of RP drafting group and all experts that participated in the discussions on this topic in the past (and in the future).

## Questions and comments?

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